Stage 11   CANDIDĀTĪ   - candidates for public office

Objectives

| important terms: |

Elections

Local Government and Elections

fautōrēs   _____

candidus   _____

duovirī   _____

aedīlēs   _____

praefectus   _____

dīvīsor _____

titulī   _____

Election Notices

vīcīnī   _____

comitium   _____

Nova Grammatica: ▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬▬

* pronouns: **1ˢᵗ person**   **2ⁿᵈ person**

	singular	plural	singular	plural
nominative	ego - I	nōs - we	tū - you	vōs - you
dative	**mihi - to/for me**	**nōbīs - to/for us**	**tibi - to/for you**	**vōbīs - to/for you**
accusative	**mē - me**	**nōs - us**	**tē - you**	**vōs - you**

DATIVE: **new uses for the dative case** with word such as: **respondet**, **favet**, **crēdit**, **placet**

> **ex.** servus **ancillae** respondet.   *The slave replies **to the slave girl.***
> mercātor **Caeciliō** favet.   *The merchant gives his support **to Caecilius.***
> Metella **mercatōrī** crēdit.   *Metella gives her trust **to the merchant***
> Pugnāx **Pompēiānīs** placet.   *Pugnax is pleasing **to the Pompeians.***

Interrogatives: (Questions) -   ways of asking a question

1. **question words:** such as **quis** - *Who?*   **quid** - What?   **ubi** - Where?   **cūr** - *Why*

2. **tone of voice**   indicated by a question mark   **Metella tōgam ēmit?** *Did Metella buy the toga?*

3. **–ne**   added to the first word of a sentence   **puellane est pulchra?**   *Is the girl pretty?*

4. **num**   as the first word in a sentences creates a question **that expects a no answer**
        ex.   num vōs Rufī favētis?   *Surely you don't support Rufus?*

*Be able to *decline and translate all 1ˢᵗ, 2ⁿᵈ and 3ʳᵈ declension nouns in the nominative, dative and accusative cases in both the singular and plural.*

	singular	plural	
nom.	puella	puellae	base: puell-
dat.	puellae	puellīs	
Acc.	puellam	puellās	

	singular	plural	
nom.	avārus	avārī	base: avār-
dat.	avārō	avārīs	
Acc.	avārum	avārōs	

	singular	plural	
nom.	canis	canēs	base: can-
dat.	canī	canibus	
Acc.	canem	canēs	