

Stage 33
Objectives

PANTOMIMUS



Important Terms:

Roman Entertainment

lūdī _____
lūdī scaenicī _____
lūdī circensēs _____
mappa _____
spīna _____
mēta _____
factiōnēs _____
mūnera _____
vēnātiōnēs _____
naumachiae _____
triumphātor _____
Porta Triumphālis _____

Nova Grammatica: _____

Future Active Indicative

The future active is a *present system tense* and is formed upon the present stem (infinitive - re) just as the present and imperfect tenses.

The future active is **formed in two different ways** according to the conjugation of the verb.

1 The first and second conjugations form their future by adding -b, -bi, or -bu to the present stem and then adding present personal endings.

ex. portō, **portāre**, portāvī, portatus **portā + bi + personal ending**

	<u>Singular</u>		<u>Plural</u>
1st person	portā bō *	I shall carry	portā bimus we shall carry
2nd person	portā bis	you will carry	portā bitis you (pl) will carry
3rd person	portā bit	he,she,it will carry	portā bunt * they will carry

* Notice that the "ī" in the 1st person singular is absorbed and changes to "u" in the 3rd person plural.

2 The third and fourth conjugations form their future by adding a “ē” to the present stem and then adding present personal endings. *(exception: the 1st person singular ending is “am”)

dūcō, **dūcere**, dūxī, ductus dūc + ē + personal endings

1st pers On	dūcam*	I shall lead	dūcēmus	we shall lead
2nd person	dūcēs	you will lead	dūcētis	you (pl) will lead
3rd person	dūcet	he, she, it will lead	dūcent	they will lead

Future of the Verb “to be”

<u>Present Tense</u>		<u>Imperfect Tense</u>		<u>Future Tense</u>	
<u>singular</u>	<u>plural</u>	<u>singular</u>	<u>plural</u>	<u>singular</u>	<u>plural</u>
1. sum	sumus	eram	erāmus	erō	erimus
2. es	estis	erās	erātis	eris	eritis
3. est	sunt	erat	erant	erit	erunt

Future Perfect Active Indicative

The future perfect active is a *perfect system tense* and is formed by adding the future of the verb “to be” to the perfect stem.

ex. laudō, laudāre, **laudāvī**, laudātus laudāv + future of the verb “to be”

laudāverō	I shall have praised	laudāverimus	we shall have praised
laudāveris	you will have praised	laudāveritis	you(pl.) will have praised
laudāverit	he, she, it will have praised	*laudāverint	they will have praised

* **erunt** changes to **erint**

Quote:

**nam quī dabat ōlim imperium, fascēs, legiōnēs, omnia, nunc sē
continet atque duās tantum rēs anxius optat, pānem et circensēs.**

Author: _____